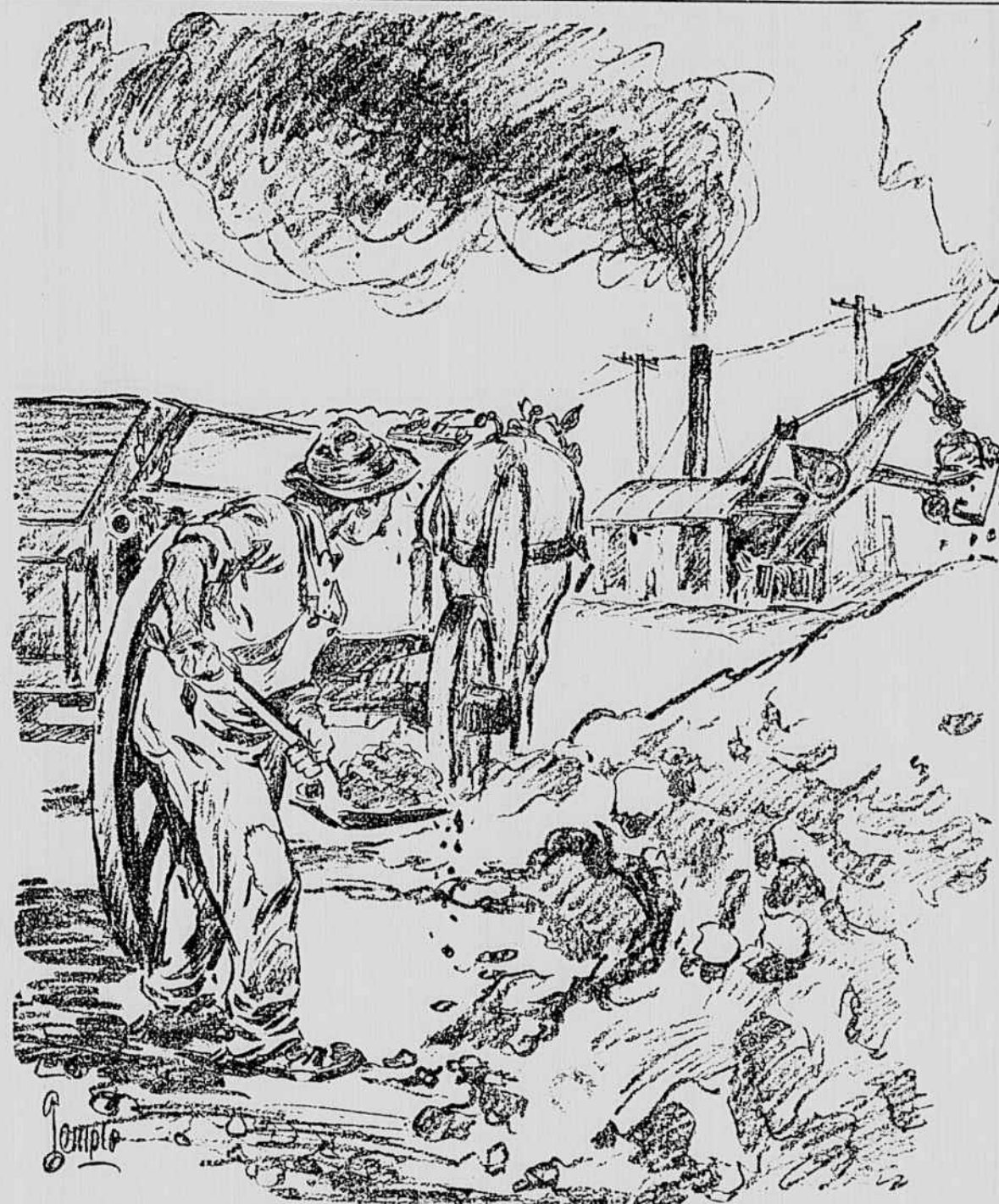


SKETCHES FROM LIFE By Temple

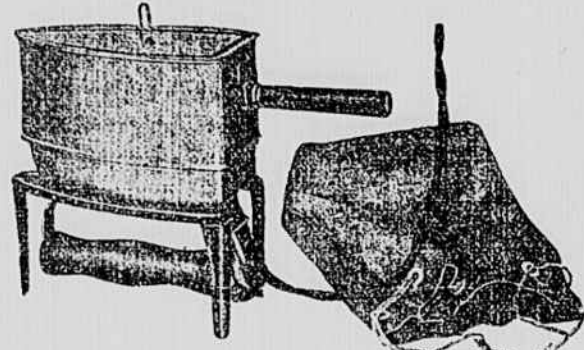


"Competish."

Miller & Rhoads Hotpoint Electrical Appliances

Hot days don't worry you if you use Hotpoint Electrical Appliances. Just connect with a socket and the heat is on.

Utility Model of the Hotpoint Iron.



In all essentials the Utility Iron is the same as the 3-pound standard model, except that there is a hole in the rear where curling tongs can be heated without additional current.

The outfit also includes a stand on which to invert the iron to use it as a stove; a dish which fits closely on the face of the iron with a handle and cover; and an oiled leather shopping bag in which the whole outfit packs; telescope style.

The Utility Iron is the leading novelty among electric irons. Its light weight and numerous uses make a ready demand for it among travelers, apartment house dwellers, students and others who wish to combine an iron with a light stove of considerable capacity.

The present model is built exactly the same as the 6-pound iron, and burn-outs are very rare. We furnish with each iron a ten-year guarantee on heating element. Price, complete, \$5.00.

- HOTPOINT ELECTRICAL IRONS, 5 and 6-pound size, \$3.50
- HOTPOINT ELECTRICAL STOVE, \$5.00
- HOTPOINT ELECTRICAL COFFEE PERCOLATOR, \$8.95
- HOTPOINT ELECTRICAL CHAFING DISH, \$12.00
- SERVING TRAYS, with mahogany finish rim; glass bottom and brass handles, \$1.00 up to \$10.00

Vases and Jardinieres

Summertime needs for ferns and flowers make the home attractive inside and on the cool porches by plenty of pretty vases, jardinieres and baskets.

BRASS JARDINIERS—All solid brass, hammered, ball feet, seamless—

- 8-inch opening, without handles, \$1.00
- 8-inch opening, with handles, \$1.33

BRASS BASKETS—Just the thing for flowers, very graceful shapes—

- Small size, \$6.00
- 15 inches high, \$1.00
- 20 inches high, \$2.00

BRASS VASES—Colonial style, with handles, plain burnished brass—

- 9 inches high, \$2.00
- 11 inches high, \$3.00

FRANK H. SCOTT CHARGED WITH SHORTAGE OF \$600

Was Formerly Collector for Sewing Machine Company in North Carolina.

TELLS STORY OF HARD LUCK

Admits Accounts Were Out, but Had Left Openly to Secure Employment Here, and Did Not Expect to Be Prosecuted.

Frank H. Scott, a middle-aged man, was yesterday afternoon arrested by Detectives Bryant and Smith on a warrant sworn out by J. P. de Berry, charging him with being a fugitive from justice in North Carolina, where he Berry alleges he is wanted for the defalcation of between \$500 and \$700 from the Singer Sewing Machine Company.

At the Second Police Station last night, where he was visited by his attorney, Scott told a large audience of his story. He said he had been engaged in collecting for the sewing machine company, but had not been able to make sufficient collections to furnish him a livelihood from the percentage allowed him. He had gone into debt for two horses, each of which had died, and finally, he said, he went to De Berry and told him of his situation, and that he was coming to Richmond. He claimed that he came here about six weeks ago from Rich Square, N. C., and that De Berry had made an accounting of the books. No effort was made to stop him, and the bonding company also failed to issue a warrant for him, according to Scott's statement.

DE BERRY REFUSES TO DISCUSS CASE

Effort was last night made to learn from De Berry who he was representing, but he refused to talk to reporters concerning the case and said that everything would come out in court this morning. He appealed to Captain McCallen, chief of detectives, to arrest the man, but when he was unable to state definitely that a warrant had been issued for him in North Carolina the detective refused to make the arrest. Later De Berry, with Mr. Traynor, of the local Singer Sewing Machine Company, swore out a warrant charging Scott with being a fugitive from North Carolina.

Due to the fact that the telegraph office at Rich Square was closed last night, the local police were unable to learn if such a warrant existed. It was said that if Scott had been arrested and no such warrant existed, De Berry would be held responsible.

Scott secured employment from the August Grocery Company on Monday, and was arrested at the close of his second day's work. He was regarded as an efficient salesman and was engaged in taking orders from customers in various sections of the city.

George B. Kezzer, here, former State Senator, George B. Kezzer, of Rockingham, arrived here yesterday on a business trip. He spent an hour in the Capitol building, exchanging greetings with the officers and employees in the different departments. Senator Kezzer reported abundant crops and general prosperity in his district. He will return home to-day.

Governor to Visit Camp.

Governor Stuart will return to the city Friday morning, according to advice that have reached the capital.

The governor will spend at least one day with the State troops, camped at Gordonsville. He will visit with the soldier boys probably Thursday, returning from that point to Richmond.

WOMAN SCREAMS WHEN SENTENCED TO PRISON

Gladys Robinson, Colored, Given Two-Year Term for Theft.

RASS SENT TO REFORMATORY

Boy Who Stole Horse and Buggy From in Front of City Hall Escapes Penitentiary Term by Reason of Age.

When Judge Richardson, of the Hustings Court, yesterday sentenced Gladys Robinson, a twenty-year-old colored woman, to serve two years in the penitentiary for stealing \$9 from S. R. Pierce, she became hysterical and began a shrieking fit which brought an abrupt halt to the court machinery. In spite of the efforts of the court to quiet her she continued screaming at the top of her voice and had to be carried bodily from the room.

Deputies Pat Lewis and Paul LaTouche came to the court's assistance. One grasped her by the feet and the other by the head, and bore her kicking and scratching to the prisoners' waiting room. She continued to scream on the way to the City Hall, and for a long time after she was locked in her cell.

Willie Burley, tried on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon, was acquitted. Burley was arrested with a razor hidden on his person. He testified that he was taking the instrument to a barber shop to be sharpened, and convinced the jury that he was telling a straight tale.

WALTERS IS SENT TO REFORMATORY

Isadore Walters, a white boy, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a horse, buggy and harness belonging to the city of Richmond, and was sent to the Laurel Industrial School, a reformatory institution for white boys. It was shown that he was only eighteen years old, and the court was unwilling to send him to prison. The horse and buggy were the property of the City Engineer. The outfit was found by the police a day or two after the theft and abandoned in a much-damaged condition.

Ernest Christian was found guilty of malicious wounding, and was sentenced by Judge Richardson to serve one year in the penitentiary.

A. W. Valentine, fined \$100 in the Hustings Court on appeal and fined \$25 and costs.

Marriage Licenses.

Licenses to marry were issued yesterday by Deputy Clerk Brecken, of the Hustings Court, to William H. Jennings and Lucille McCarty, and Walter P. Gibbs and Mabel T. Wise.

FINAL ACTION ON BRIDGE APPROACH PLAN TO-NIGHT

Common Council Expected to Ratify Agreement With Southern Railway.

OPENS FOURTEENTH TO CARRY

Block From Main to Cary Now Serious Remaining Problem—Will Act on Rappahannock River Railroad Transfer Ordinance.

The Common Council will meet in special session at 8 o'clock to-night to take action on six companion ordinances, already passed by the Board of Aldermen, embodying an agreement between the Southern Railway Company and the city under which the road will dedicate a strip of its right of way on the west side of Fourteenth Street to make possible the widening of that thoroughfare between Cary Street and the abutment of the bridge. Unanimous concurrence is expected.

The body will also consider for concurrence the ordinance which proposes to relieve the Richmond and Rappahannock River Railway Company of the obligation of issuing and honoring transfers on the Seven Pines line. It was passed unanimously by the Board of Aldermen and was approved without a dissenting vote by the Committee on Streets.

MAY TAKE UP EXTENSION OF RAILROAD

An effort will be made, it is understood, to have the Common Council take up under a suspension of the rules, the ordinance which extends the time limit within which the Virginia Railway and Power Company is required to complete the extension of its Broad Street car line to Rosemead Road. The work was required to be completed within fourteen months from July 21, 1912. The amended ordinance extends the time nine months longer. A two-thirds vote will be required to take it up to-night's meeting.

The Board of Aldermen, issued a call yesterday for a meeting of the Board at 8 o'clock to-night to consider concurrence in the street car ordinance which, it is expected, will be approved by the lower branch.

Labor Law Violation.

W. J. Rose, a merchant, arrested on a warrant sworn out by an agent of the State Department of Labor, charging him with working his female employees more than ten hours a day, was yesterday fined \$5 and costs by Justice Crutchfield in the Police Court.

Sues for \$300.

William Catlin brought suit for \$300 in the Law and Equity Court yesterday against Charles K. Bryant. No declaration was filed.

No Excuse Now For Wearing That Soiled Hat When Gans-Rady Company Are Selling \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 STRAWS at \$1.39

WASTE OF SCHOOL FUNDS CHARGED BY TAXPAYERS

Henrico Petitioners Argue Case Before Judge George S. Shackelford.

DEFENSE SCORES FIRST POINT

Court Sustains Throckmorton's Contentions as to Order of Procedure. Will Bring Case Up in Shape of Chancery Suit.

Unnecessary expenditure of county funds by the Henrico School Board was charged in arguments presented in the Circuit Court of Henrico County yesterday before Judge George S. Shackelford by Attorney Julian Gunn, representing certain taxpayers of the county seeking an injunction to prevent the board from expending on the county treasury for funds with which to pay rental on rooms in the Chamber of Commerce Building and to be expended in the upkeep of an automobile purchased by the board for the use of Arthur D. Wright, county superintendent of schools. The county school trustees were represented by Attorney C. W. Throckmorton. After hearing argument from both sides, Judge Shackelford announced that he would take the case under advisement until the latter part of this week, and in the meantime Mr. Gunn will amend his bill and serve a regular process on the trustees.

When court was opened, Mr. Throckmorton, for the trustees, asked that the proceedings be dismissed on the grounds that the petitioners were not properly in court, and that the petition signed by the taxpayers, asking for the injunction, could not properly be regarded as a legal document, and that the motion for the injunction was, hence, not a proper one. In order to make the proceedings regular, he stated, it would be necessary for the petitioners to file a regular petition against the trustees, and that proper notification be given in accordance with law.

COURT SUSTAINS POINT OF DEFENSE

The contention of Mr. Throckmorton were sustained by Judge Shackelford, who was inclined to believe that he could not give consideration to the petitioners' request for a regular petition, and that the proper manner of procedure would be to file a regular petition, and that an injunction might then be granted by the court should the trustees fail to comply with the law.

Seeking to show why the restraining order should be issued, Mr. Gunn argued that in moving the offices of the county from the Chamber of Commerce Building the trustees had exceeded their authority, and that they were causing a needless expenditure of money. He asked that the trustees be enjoined from expending any more money on the Chamber of Commerce Building, and that they be required to pay for the upkeep of the automobile. Answering this argument, Mr. Throckmorton stated that the trustees were not exceeding their authority, and that they were causing a needless expenditure of money. He asked that the trustees be enjoined from expending any more money on the Chamber of Commerce Building, and that they be required to pay for the upkeep of the automobile.

As to the North Carolina Medical College, the real estate, at the corner of Church and Sixth Streets, in Charlotte, will be placed in the hands of a trustee, who will dispose of it and the equipment, including the library, and the books, will be offered to the Carnegie Library, Charlotte.

In discussing the final determination of the college last night, the officers and directors expressed their high appreciation of the many cordial expressions received during the past several weeks from friends of the college, and from the State, in Charlotte and throughout the State. By reason of the fact that the minimum requirement of the American Medical Association for a Class A college is a hospital of 100 beds under the absolute control of the college, and preferably 200, it can be seen that it would be difficult, in fact, almost impossible, for any city in North Carolina to support a college of a Class A rating.

WAS FIRST LOCATED AT DAVIDSON COLLEGE

The North Carolina Medical College was chartered in 1892 and was located at Davidson College, where, under the sole ownership and control of Dr. J. P. Munroe, it enjoyed a working agreement with Davidson College, whereby the college was accorded as much as \$500 per capita for such instruction as was desired at the hands of the college not taught by Dr. Munroe and his assistants. The institution grew from ten to seventy-five students when, in 1907, it was removed to Charlotte, and eleven-twelfths of the stock in the company was sold to Charlotte doctors. This change was made to secure the better clinical facilities afforded by the city. A free dispensary was opened. Hospital facilities were first confined to one institution, owned by Drs. J. R. Brown, C. A. Misenheimer and R. L. Gibson. This hospital was acquired and given to the Presbyterian of Charlotte on condition that the charity patients be available to the students for clinical purposes. Later facilities were obtained at other hospitals. The college grew from seventy-five to 100 students.

While these facilities were good, they did not meet with the requirements of those who give ratings to medical colleges, and hence the beginning of the handicap that resulted in the end in the removal of the college to a place where adequate hospital facilities were available.

Circular letters will be sent out to all students of the college to-day, embodying the terms of the decision to merge with the Medical College of Virginia.

It is stated by the terms of the agreement resulting in the merger, no member of the present faculty is at liberty to act as he pleases in the future.

The Medical College of Virginia will open for its fall term September 15.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND 117 E. MAIN ST.

The Savings Bank does not employ solicitors, but a cordial welcome awaits all who come. One dollar starts an account.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM POSTAL SAVINGS DEPOSITORY

RICHMOND BOYS ATTEND STATE ENCAMPMENT

Blues and Grays Attract Much Attention Marching to Trains.

EXPECT WEEK OF HARD WORK

No Full Dress Uniforms Carried, as Soldiers Will Be Given Daily Drill in Company, Regimental and Brigade Formations.

Soldiers' farewells resounded at the stations of twenty-eight Virginia cities and towns yesterday as troops boarded trains in a general exodus to the annual State encampment, and when the sun rose over the hills to the east of Gordonsville this morning more than 2,000 youthful volunteers were hurrying from their tents at the bugles sound to the next day's camp. The Virginia Blues and Grays will spend the time in learning the duties of the soldier, that they may be ready to serve their State and nation in times of need. The encampment is for the infantry branch of the service only. Other branches will be given instruction at the instruction of the artillery at Mount Vernon, Va.

Encampment grounds, situated on the Grays' Battalion, commanded by Major Lawrence T. Price, was the first of the four companies to leave for Gordonsville yesterday. The battalion, 200 strong, assembled yesterday morning at 7 o'clock at the depot, where it was loaded on its way to the encampment.

Four companies of the Richmond Light Infantry Battalion, commanded by Major J. W. Howies, arrived at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Main Street Station. The companies, commanded by Major J. Palmer Bryant, and Company H, Fourth Infantry, of Highland Springs, also left yesterday for the encampment.

SPLENDID SCENE

Four companies of Blues marching through the streets of Gordonsville yesterday morning, and from now on until Thursday of next week when the encampment ends, the men will be under the strictest military discipline, and much hard work will be done. The work has been arranged in order that it may be done in rotation, and the day will be taken up with drill in the squad formation. Tomorrow, the troops will be drilled in company formation, and will be followed by the battalion, regimental and brigade movements. In order to avoid the intense heat at noon, the drills will be conducted during the early morning and late afternoon.

DOVER ASSOCIATION MEETS AT WEST POINT

Dr. Boatwright Tells of Extensive Plans for New Richmond College.

NEEDS LARGER ENDOWMENT

Next Session College Abandons Co-education, Opening Its New Co-ordinate College for Women—Big Attendance at Association.

The Dover Baptist Association opened its one hundred and thirty-first session yesterday at West Point with a large attendance of Baptist ministers and laymen of this section of the State, including many of the pastors of Richmond churches. After devotional exercises, the report of the executive committee was read by Professor W. A. Harris. The annual sermon was delivered by Rev. S. H. Templeman, pastor of the Highland Park Baptist Church, on the text, "Freely Ye Have Received, Freely Give." The sermon was highly commended by some of the leading men attending the association.

At the afternoon session the report of the educational board and the report on denominational education were presented by Rev. J. J. Parsons, of the board of education. The report was discussed by Rev. J. E. Johnson, who characterized it as very encouraging. An address on the subject of "Denominational Literature," was made by Rev. C. E. Schaeble, of Richfield Church, and an interesting account of the work at Richmond College was given by President F. W. Boatwright. Dr. Boatwright told of the plans for removing the college to its new buildings at Westhampton in September, of the abandonment of the old plan of co-education and the opening of the new Westhampton co-ordinate college for women. He predicted that it would soon be necessary for the friends of the college to go to work on an additional \$100,000 endowment, and asserted that in view of the larger work proposed at Westhampton, it would prove easier now to raise \$100,000 than it was several years ago, to raise the \$50,000 endowment which made the move possible.

The prospects for the coming session are that the college, both for men and women, will be well attended.

Denominational literature was discussed by Rev. J. W. Cannack, associate editor of the Religious Herald. The report on evangelism was presented by Rev. C. E. Parrish.

Rev. W. T. Hall, pastor of Humanist Baptist Church, Richmond, spoke to the report discussing the need of new methods of reaching the masses. Rev. H. W. Virgibanks spoke of the Baptist Orphanage at Salem, which now houses 184 children, and on which there is a heavy debt.

Last night Rev. T. Chaggett Skinner, Church, made an address on the college in its relation to community life, which proved of deep interest. The subject was to have been discussed by Dr. S. C. Mitchell, who has recently moved to Delaware.